Claire Healy & Sean Cordeir

Museum of Contemporary Art Australia Claire
Healy
& Sean
Cordeiro

CA Australia



Claire
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& Sean
Cordeiro

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Foreword

Elizabeth Ann Macgregor OBE

aire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

It gives me great pleasure to introduce Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro, the first major exhibition of the artists' work in Australia. We are particularly thrilled to present the exhibition, curated by MCA Curator Anna Davis, in the artists' hometown following their success internationally. Their work, which featured as part of Australia's representation at the 53rd Venice Biennale in 2009, has been shown in Washington DC, Berlin, Singapore, Basel, Lyon, London, San Francisco, Tehran, Shanghai and Kathmandu.

Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro have been collaborating as artists for over a decade, in which time they have been awarded numerous international studio residencies, scholarships and travel grants. The nomadic lifestyle the artists lead has become the foundation of their work, both conceptually and in terms of the materials they use. Travel, packing and unpacking, accumulation, storage and freight have been a critical part of their lives and these experiences continually inform their practice as artists.

As part of the exhibition, the MCA has commissioned the artists to create a new work *Stasis* (2012) on the MCA front lawn. Continuing Healy and Cordeiro's exploration of mobility through mechanised means, the work features an aeroplane suspended in a cube of scaffolding, its nose pointing precariously at the MCA building. Clearly constructed, the work nonetheless cannot fail to provoke a reaction following the events of 9/11 which changed the way we see planes approaching buildings forever.

Since it opened to the public in 1991, the MCA has supported the work of Australian artists through exhibitions, publications, the MCA Collection, public programs and events. Following major redevelopment, the MCA re-opened this year and is now in an even better position to exhibit, collect and interpret the work of today's artists. Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro is presented in the new, spacious gallery on level 1, designed to display ambitious installations by contemporary artists.

We are grateful to Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro for their enthusiasm and commitment to this project; and to exhibition curator Anna Davis. We thank public and private lenders to the exhibition for their generosity in making key works available and our appreciation goes to the artist's representatives, Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney; Gallery Wendi Norris, San Francisco and Nature Morte, Berlin.

A number of organisations and individuals have made this exhibition possible through their generous assistance. We thank the Keir Foundation for their support of Stasis and INLINK for their support of the exhibition. We are grateful to the Australia Council for their assistance in realising the newly commissioned work on the MCA front lawn and to Partridge Engineering for their work on the project. We also thank catalogue contributor Hou Hanru for his insightful interview with the artists. Finally, my sincere thanks go to the MCA Ambassadors, whose donations go towards realising our exhibitions program and promoting the work of leading artists such as Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro.

Elizabeth Ann Macgregor OBE

Museum of Contemporary Art Australia

Essay

Anna Davis



Deceased Estate 2004

stallation view, Glashaus, Weil am Rhein,

Photographer Christian Schnur

If space-junk is the human debris that litters the universe, Junk-Space is the residue mankind leaves on the planet. The built product of modernization is not modern architecture but Junkspace. Junkspace is what remains after modernization has run its course, or, more precisely, what coagulates while modernization is in progress, its fallout.

Rem Koolhaas, Junkspace 1

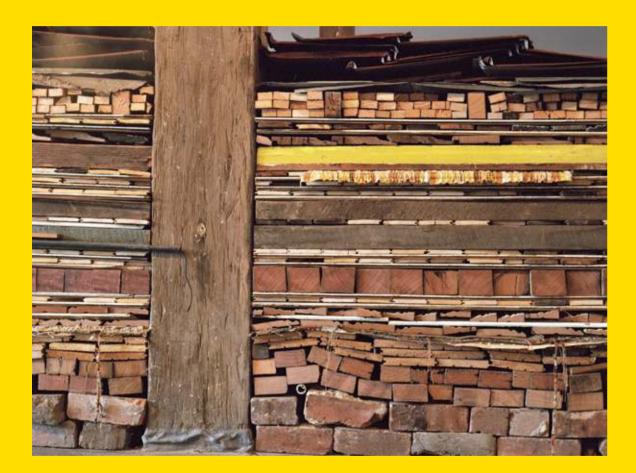
Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro are Australian artists who reclaim and transform the fallout of consumer society. Combining a playful sense of humour and an engagement with art historical precedents, their work is characterised by the deconstruction and reinvention of prefabricated structures and the assemblage of accumulated objects into extraordinary sculptures and installations.

Healy and Cordeiro's practice reflects a preoccupation with the dynamics of global mobility – the networks, standards and financial systems that enable and restrict the movement of people and goods in the modern era. Creating tensions between order and disorder, their works are shaped by traditional sculptural concerns such as mass, form and scale, however they also incorporate the expressive potential of motion, speaking to the way things move and change over time.

Working as a collaborative duo for over a decade,² Healy and Cordeiro have spent much of their artistic careers travelling. These shifting locations, and the experience of constantly moving and uprooting their lives play a central role in their work. Drawing on their mutual autobiographies and the narratives of other intrepid travellers, a number of their sculptures trigger feelings associated with being 'on the move'. While some works evoke a sense of self-reliance and adventure, others interrogate the practicalities and emotional upheavals of storing and transporting material possessions. These highly condensed gatherings of personal belongings bring to mind the less glamorous realities of packing, unpacking, sorting, storing and freighting associated with a contemporary nomadic lifestyle.

Travelling and relocation inevitably brings with it powerful memories of home, and the question of what constitutes home today is a major theme in Healy and Cordeiro's work. Inviting us to look at how we live in new ways, their projects explore domestic space in terms of its symbolism, functionality, affordability, construction and decay. Enormous in both size and ambition, two of the artists' key works have involved the acquisition, demolition and recontextualisation of family dwellings - a condemned suburban house in the Cordial Home Project (2003) and a derelict Queensland farmhouse in Not under My Roof (2008).3 In both projects, 'home' is rendered uninhabitable and its promise of permanency and security undermined. Instead, the vacant structures are transformed by the artists into new compacted forms that speak to both the inequities of home ownership and the dense layering of memories and personal histories embedded within long-term residences. The roving artists are also fascinated by the social and political implications of impermanent living arrangements; other works have utilised caravans, trailers, huts, sheds and even a Mongolian yurt, to explore the increased mobility and compact lifestyle afforded by these provisional structures.

The aesthetic quality of Healy and Cordeiro's work is one of its most striking features. Every aspect of their sculptures and installations is carefully orchestrated and subject to a rigorous process of formal organisation. Grids and geometric contours are used as frameworks to consolidate collections of disparate objects, while colour, repetition and texture are employed to create visually balanced and satisfying compositions. Other systems of categorisation are intermingled with these aesthetic and sculptural concerns. These schemas are unique to the particular project at hand, however they are frequently related to the logic of mobility. in particular ideas of international transit and storage. In Wohnwagen (2006-07) for example, the dissected elements of a once intact mobile home are placed on top of each other like four painstakingly constructed layer cakes. Balanced on top of Euro palettes, the standard unit for European international freight, the caravan's raw materials have been analysed, broken down and stacked with a careful eye to their aesthetic composition. They are also ordered in terms of their most economical spatial arrangement, a taxonomy that mirrors the concerns of global consignment in which things are packed to strict regulations in order to save money and take up the least amount of space. The relationship between transport, commerce and aesthetics is not lost on the artists, who have spoken of their work in terms of its response to the practicalities of living in-between countries and participating in the global



Cordial Home Project (detail) 2006

type C LED prints, 6

Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds provided by the Coe and Mordant families, 2006

Photograph: Liz Ham

Anna Davis



Life Span 2009

installation view, Campbelltown

175.774 VHS video cassettes, silicone

Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds donated by Andrew and Cathy Cameron, 201

art market.⁴ As artists, they argue, it is necessary to devise modes of existence and working that are both economically viable and creatively productive. This is a delicate balance, which involves periods of living and working overseas in order to take advantage of residencies and other exhibition opportunities.⁵

Deceased Estate (2004) was created at the site of an artists' residency in a warehouse located in Weil am Rhein, Germany. Arriving to find the space occupied by someone else's junk, the artists decided to make an installation from everything they found inside. Held together by bright orange rope, the resulting conglomeration of domestic objects is strangely beautiful. Defying gravity, it overflows with unexpected juxtapositions and surprising relationships between incongruent forms. Like an exploding universe of over-consumption, the precarious ball of stuff also induces unpleasant thoughts relating to chronic hoarding, and people so hemmed in by their possessions they are physically and psychologically unable to move. Do our belongings define us? the work seems to ask. Do they tie us down? There is nothing like moving

countries to heighten your awareness of your material possessions and what it is you actually need. Henry David Thoreau's classic text *Walden; or, Life in the Woods* (1854) in which the author lived for six months in a small remote hut with only the bare necessities of life, has become a touchstone for the artists. Its core philosophical question 'How much is enough?' is raised repeatedly in their work.⁶

In Hamper (9 months and an hangover) 2006 the artists combined the remains of a farewell party they held at the end of a residency at the Kunstlerhaus Bethanien, Berlin, with all the printed matter they had accumulated there. Layering the waste materials to fit under a red plastic picnic table, the artists draw attention to the vast amount of refuse we generate, even after only a temporary inhabitation such as a party or an artist's residency. Healy and Cordeiro associate the notion of the picnic with the rubbish we leave behind. The debris from the party and the mountain of superfluous paperwork stuffed under the picnic table echo the more pervasive wreckage of modern consumerism that proliferates on the planet in the wake of human habitation.

Hoard 2006

Claire Healy &

type C photograph

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro

Right

Location to Die For 2001

type C photograph

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro







Above

The Paper Trail (detail) 2007

installation view, Art Gallery

Mongolian ger, trailer, Johnson Solids, ply, acrylic

Photograph: Jenni Carter

In the developed world, it is not only our material possessions that are multiplying at an alarming rate but also our collections of virtual belongings. Inventories of digital photos, music and videos are being created and stored at levels unimaginable only a few years ago. In recent decades we have witnessed a profound shift in the audiovisual landscape moving us from the analogue to the digital age. These technological changes have had numerous repercussions on people's daily lives, influencing our social behaviour, work practices, leisure activities and domestic interactions. On a design level, even our home furnishings have changed. Mass produced entertainment units once made to hold square television sets, video decks and VHS tapes have been replaced by those designed to fit flat screen TVs, digital recorders and DVDs: and it probably won't be long until these too are rendered obsolete. Relegated to the dusty realm of technologies past, the once pervasive VHS videotape is now an object of nostalgia. Video shops were once the purveyors of home entertainment where you might bump into friends and neighbours. They now face extinction in the wake of the digital download, a much more introverted activity usually performed at home or in the solitary bubble created by headphones and a mobile screen device.

Healy and Cordeiro's *Life Span* (2009), a solid stacked block of 175,218 used VHS videotapes, sits at the intersection of these issues relating to home, sociality, design and obsolescence. Enormous in scale, the shiny black edifice is a monument to our shared technological past, evoking ideas of mortality and time passing. Described by the artists as a 'memento-mori', the imposing sculpture contains 60.1 years of viewing material if each tape were watched consecutively. This represented the

digital print

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro



average human life span in 1976, the year that the VHS tape was released to the public.8 First exhibited in a deconsecrated chapel in Venice, the monolith has a mystical energy that may stem from the vast amounts of inaccessible data it contains. Looking up at the massive form, notions of consumer excess. audiovisual noise and landfill also come to mind. The artists gathered the almost inconceivable collection of tapes over a long period of time, with some donated by friends and colleagues and others obtained from defunct video stores and recycling organisations. Like house bricks, the videotapes are a predominantly uniform colour and size. The clean lines of the huge rectangular structure reference the austere forms of Minimalism and the severity of Modernist architecture, while also speaking to the practicalities of storing physical objects around the home and issues of data accumulation. Movie titles and handwritten notes on the tape labels offer glimpses into the relationship between technology and our personal lives.9 Laden with history and memories, Life Span is also a cultural database, creating networks of crisscrossing associations that allow viewers to drift between genres and across time.

The dream of infinite movement through time and space is a theme that emerges repeatedly in Healy and Cordeiro's works. Sameday Service or Sooner (2008) is a humorous take on Dr Who's fictional time machine the TARDIS,¹⁰ a police telephone box that appeared in the popular British TV series and enabled the science fiction character to travel anywhere in the universe within any time period. In the sculpture, the distinctive blue box is dismantled; its component parts are bound together and leant against a wall as though ready for shipping. The absurdity of flat-packing this fantastical transportation device

- and thus destroying its powers of mobility - is characteristic of the artists' playful approach to form and function in their work. Highlighting the economic structures that influence the way we transport objects, it draws attention to the hazards of blindly imposing one regulatory system onto another.11

In other works the artists look at the present through the lens of the future. Sifting through time, they perform a kind of speculative archaeology that raises questions about what will define humanity in years to come. In Future Remnant (2011) a strategically composed stack of partially-assembled IKEA furniture and accessories props up a life-size replica of a Monolophosaurus dinosaur skeleton. Held together with bright orange strapping, a utilitarian packing material that reoccurs throughout their work, the sculpture takes on the guise of stylised archaeological remains. The accretion of IKEA products beneath the dinosaur fossil suggests the layered debris of a culture obsessed with home wares and the sedimentary accumulation of material purchases over time. Yet while the multi-coloured stockpile speaks of over-consumption in the present, the plastic dinosaur (also a superfluous product of the petrochemical age) suggests a time long before humans and shopping existed. Like a display in an antievolutionary Christian theme park, 12 the incongruous grouping is both humorous and disturbing.

In Dust to Dust (2008) three pulverized coffee tables from a low-priced IKEA furniture range are displayed in glass showcases like rare prehistoric relics. Destroyed by the artists in their Berlin living room, the tables are completely unrecognizable. On close inspection though, tiny flecks of colour, the remains of their formerly smooth MDF surfaces, can be seen in the circular mounds of sawdust. Beginning

dinosaur fossil replica, cable binding,



Cordeiro Sean Claire Healy &

with a violent act of annihilation, this reflective work highlights the inbuilt obsolescence of products built for mass consumption, their environmental impact and the frustration of knowing that although they are cheap, they will not last. By presenting the ruined tables as pseudo-historical artifacts the artists invite us to imagine our enduring legacy on the planet.

IKEA is recurring presence in Healy and Cordeiro's works, its standardised forms highlighting the dynamics of global distribution and society's increasing homogenisation. Speaking about their practice, the artists have described the notion of 'generic comfort zones', places that are designed to make travellers feel relaxed and at ease no matter where they are. They point out that consumption is the driving force behind these insidious units of uniformity, which are largely tailored to middleclass needs.¹³ Part of the massive global industry that encourages people to purchase things that will make them feel 'at home', IKEA is perhaps the quintessential model of this all-encompassing sameness that is rapidly spreading across the world, infiltrating our public space, homes and workplaces.

The wall-based sculpture I Hope Tomorrow is Just Like Today (2008) is constructed from a number of pieces of IKEA furniture that have been combined and misassembled. Recalling the abstract colour blocking of a Piet Mondrian painting, its uneven surface is engraved with an image that amalgamates pictograms from various IKEA instruction manuals with a design originally placed onboard Pioneer spacecraft in the early 1970s. Referred to as the 'Pioneer Plaque', this bizarre line drawing of a naked man and woman surrounded by esoteric symbols was an attempt to send a message about humanity to extraterrestrial life. It aimed, as IKEA instruction manuals do, to

communicate across distances, times and cultures without using words. Interested in the tension between these two dubious systems of 'universal' communication, the artists superimpose the stirring optimism of the Space Race with the mundane realities of assembling contemporary domestic furnishings, a strategy that raises some interesting questions regarding society's changing hopes and aspirations. As they articulate, 'when the Pioneer was launched society was concerned with change and encouragement for advancement. Now we are living in a time where ... there is a longing to hang on to the status quo and create a universal sameness. Like shopping at IKEA, we comfortably slot into the dream of aspiring for something everybody else has...'14

Continuing their interest in the symbolism of space exploration, Where we've been, where we're going, why (2010-11)¹⁵ evokes the catastrophic flipside of this optimistic thrust into new frontiers. In this series of works the artists use LEGO to recreate photographs of the 1986 Challenger Space Shuttle disaster, in which 73 seconds after lift-off the spacecraft exploded, killing all 7 crew members including the first private citizen to travel into space, American school teacher Christa McAuliffe. These images are familiar to millions of people around the world. Broadcast live on television, the forked formation of swirling smoke in the sky is seared onto our collective memory. LEGO's uniform rectangular shapes and bright minimal colour palette, imbues Healy and Cordeiro's wall-based sculptures with the pixelated quality of the original television broadcast. Their blocky aesthetic is also reminiscent of the jagged distortions we commonly associate with highly compressed digital files, reflecting the way disaster images are now transmitted around the

Anna Davis

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordein



laire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

globe and their continued existence in society's new memory bank – the internet. By using a well-known children's toy to recreate the iconic photographs, the artists play out the sudden loss of innocence associated with the shocking event.

To invent the sailing ship or steamer is to invent the shipwreck. To invent the train is to invent the rail accident of derailment.

To invent the family automobile is to produce the pile-up on the highway.

To get what is heavier than air to take off in the form of an aeroplane or dirigible is to invent the crash, the air disaster.

Paul Virilio, Unknown Quantity¹⁷

A key point of reference for Healy and Cordeiro,
French theorist Paul Virilio is perhaps the most
eloquent commentator on the intrinsic relationship
between progress and catastrophe. Virilio argues that
technological accidents 'are not chance events' but
integral to the machines we invent and, as such, 'an
increasingly present cumulative reality'. In aesthetic
terms, Virilio also points out that while accidents such
as the Challenger disaster are horrific, their imagery
is strangely compelling. As the common saying
goes, we cannot tear our eyes away from the scene
of the crash. Two of the artists' recent sculptures
employ aeroplanes to imply narratives of aeronautical
disaster; however these open-ended works leave it up
to viewers to imagine the cause or potential outcome.

While journeys into space are generally considered the pinnacle of aviation, flights in small aircraft represent another peak in the history of human enterprise. Highly evocative machines, small planes are capable of stirring up passionate feelings of wanderlust and the romance of travel. They are also symbolic of a particular kind of fearlessness and an individual will we often associate with the long solo voyage.¹⁹ Inspired by tales of journeys on small aircraft,²⁰ Healy and Cordeiro have created a new work titled Stasis (2012) for the MCA exhibition. This temporary installation on the Museum's front lawn consists of a Beechcraft Travel Air suspended in a cube matrix of metal scaffolding. The bright orange plane is held aloft by the scaffolding system, yet also appears to have been captured mid-flight. Positioned with the plane's nose pointing towards the MCA, its angle of trajectory suggests an ominous result. While the work is immobile, as its title suggests, the suspended plane embodies the velocity of flight and a virtual image of movement remains. Poised indefinitely on the brink of disaster, in Virilio's terms, it foreshadows its own accident. While small aircraft tend to conjure far less agonising narratives, the work brings to mind the unforgettable images of 9/11, a horrifying incident that will forever be linked with planes flying near buildings. As the artists describe, 'Stasis reflects on the fleeting, momentary qualities of recent events that have shaped history and imprinted themselves into the psyche and memory of society'.21

While *Stasis* arrests a plane mid-flight, seeming to prevent an imaginary disaster before it occurs, *Par Avion* (2011–12) presents a broken and reassembled plane on the gallery wall, evoking the time after a catastrophe. Virilio has described this kind of imagery as 'the autopsy of an accident', where the wreckage of a machine is laid out piece by piece in an attempt to find clues from its shattered remains. The portions of airplane in *Par Avion* are not the



Belo

Are We there Yet? (detail) 2011

97 boxes of 3L Black Box Chardonnay, 360 Boyardee Beef Ravioli 15 oz. tins, 83 cases of Bud Light, 624 cans of Carnation Evaporated Milk, 43 Cheerios Twin pack 37 oz., 95 cases of Coca Cola, 40 Kraft Velveta loaves (2 x 32 cunce loaves per package), 49 boxes of Nabisco Premium Saltine Crackers 3 lb., 25 cases of Marlboro Red, 41 containers of Utz cheese balls, replica EVA Space Suit on loan from NASA, IKEA bed, pillow, duvet, gold anodized aluminum

installation view, Corcoran Gallery of Art, Washington DC

Courtesy the artists and Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney, and Gallery Wendi Norris, San Francisco.

Photograph Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro



Tropical Island (interior) 2008

digital pri

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro





result of a disaster, however, but rather the product of a calculated act of destruction by the artists that allowed them to mail the aircraft from Australia to the United States and back again. To create the work Healy and Cordeiro acquired a Cessna 172 from a scrap plane yard in Queensland; they then disassembled the plane and cut it into 70 small pieces, so that each portion would fit within the maximum permitted size for airmail parcels set by Australia Post. Using gaffer tape to cover the metal edges, post and customs documents were attached directly to each piece and the destination address written by hand onto its metal surfaces. The plane was then sent piece by piece via airmail to Frey Norris Contemporary and Modern, San Francisco

where it was arranged on the gallery floor (December, 2011). For its display at the MCA, each piece was carefully re-labelled and airmailed to Sydney adhering to the standards set by the US Postal Service.

The cracked and misshapen entity we see installed on the MCA gallery wall is a much more speculative structure than the original plane, its once sleek form full of irregularities, unexpected gaps and spatial distortions. Like the blueprint of a machine once capable of flight, it suggests a tension between the human desire for mobility and the global systems – economic, social and political – that restrain it. In *Stasis* these systems are symbolised by the scaffolding, which elevates and supports the plane but also restricts its movement.²⁴ In *Par Avion* the postal service represents an infrastructure that hinders the plane, preventing it from flying in its usual sense, but allowing it to travel greater distances via airmail than its original design ever intended.

Inviting us to assemble and reassemble things in our minds, Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro's works present alternate views of the world: tracing trajectories through time and space and reimagining our relationship with the objects and systems that surround us. Using found materials, generic products and mass-produced structures, their open-ended works reach into the future and back through the past. In this way they excavate shared memories and find beauty in the imaginative potential of sculptural form, revealing gaps between our grand aspirations and everyday reality.

Anna Davis

Curator

Museum of Contemporary Art Australia

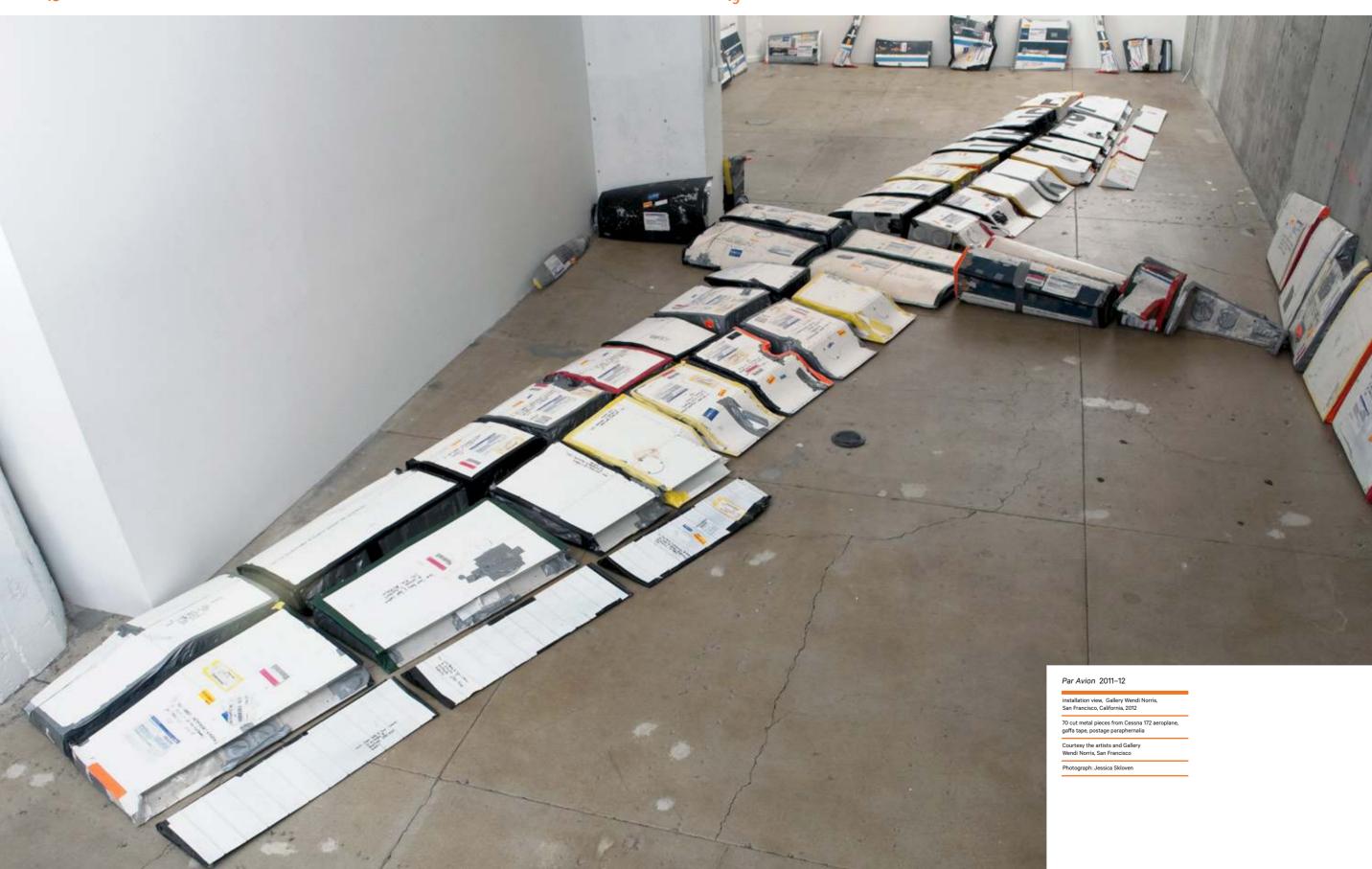
Anna Davis



Notes

- 1 Rem Koolhaas, 'Junkspace', October, vol. 100, 'Obsolescence', Spring 2002, pps. 175–6.
- 2 Healy and Cordeiro both had solo practices before beginning to collaborate in 2001.
- 3 In the Cordial Home Project (2003) a house was demolished, sorted into its constituent parts, the pieces cut down and layered into a rectangular edifice at Artspace, Sydney. In Not Under My Roof (2008) a house was separated from its footings and sliced to retrieve the floor which was then hung on the gallery wall as part of the Optimism exhibition at GOMA. Brisbane.
- 4 From an email interview between Hou Hanru and Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro, July 2012.
- 5 ibid
- 6 Henry David Thoreau, Walden; or, Life in the Woods (1854), introduction by Bill McKibben, pp. xi, Beacon Press, London, 2004.
- 7 Email conversation with the artists, August 2012.
- 8 'Life Span Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro' video interview at the 2009 Venice Biennale, www.youtube.com/watch?v=J bfBqtEex6i&feature=relmfu (accessed 10/07/2012).
- 9 The artists explain, 'it was important to use tapes that were pre-loved and filled with data, each symbolizing in a sense a person's life and their life experiences', ibid.
- 10 TARDIS is an acronym that stands for Time
 And Relative Dimensions In Space
- 11 Sameday Service or Sooner, artist statement, 2008.
- 12 The Creation Museum, http://creationmuseum.org/ (accessed 20/07/2012).
- 13 From an email interview between Hou Hanru and Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro, July 2012.
- 14 Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro, MANUAL, Gitte Weise Gallery, Berlin, 2008, www.gitteweisegallery.com/ pastexhib/H&C_B08.html (accessed 15/07/2012).
- 15 The title of the artists' LEGO series is a reference to a lesson Christine McAuliffe was to present to American school children during the Challenger space mission. The titles of the individual works correspond to the number of seconds that had elapsed after take-off when the original photograph was taken.
- 16 SPACE SHUTTLE MISSION STS-51L, press kit, January 1986, http://history.nasa.gov/sts51lpresskit.pdf (accessed 11/08/2012).
- 17 Paul Virilio, Unknown Quantity, Thames & Hudson, London, 2003, p. 24.
- 18 ibid, p.1.
- 19 Email conversation with the artists, August 2012.
- 20 When creating Stasis the artists were inspired by the incredible flight of West German teenager Mathias Rust who in 1987, during the last vestiges of the Cold War, flew a Cessna airplane from Helsinki to Moscow's Red Square in an attempt to deliver a message of peace to Mikhail Gorbachev. They were also inspired by the darker side of this impetus, which can be seen in an event known as the 'Tampa air crash' where a 15 year old school boy inspired by the 9/11 attacks died after flying a Cessna into a Bank of America building in Tampa, Florida in 2002.
- 21 Stasis, artist statement, 2012.
- 22 Virilio, op cit., p. 119.

23 From an email interview between Hou Hanru and Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro, July 2012.



Works 21

Par Avion

(production images) 2011-12

Photographs of the artwork in preparation of installation

Courtesy the artists and Gallery Wendi Norris, San Francisco

Photograph: Kelly McDonald (this page), Arnel Rodriguez (opposite)





Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

















I Hope Tomorrow is Just Like Today 2008

routed IKFA furniture

Belgiorno-Nettis Foundation Collection

Image courtesy the artists and Gitte Weise Gallery, Berlin

Photograph: Uwe Walter



Future Remnant 2011

dinosaur fossil replica, IKEA furnishings, cable binding

Courtesy the artists and Nature Morte, Berlin



Works 27



Luck Exists in the Leftovers 2010

installation view, Setouchi International Art Festival, 2010

dinosaur fossil replica, cable binding, discarded furniture and household objects

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro

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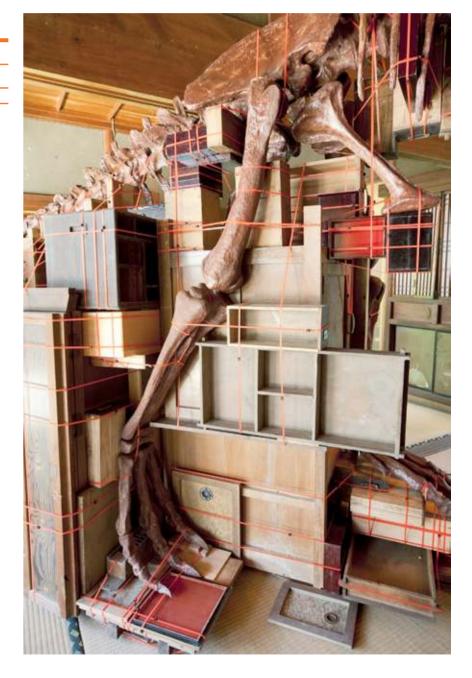
installation view, Setouchi International Art Festival, 2010

dinosaur fossil replica, cable binding, discarded furniture and household objects

Luck Exists in the Leftovers (detail) 2010

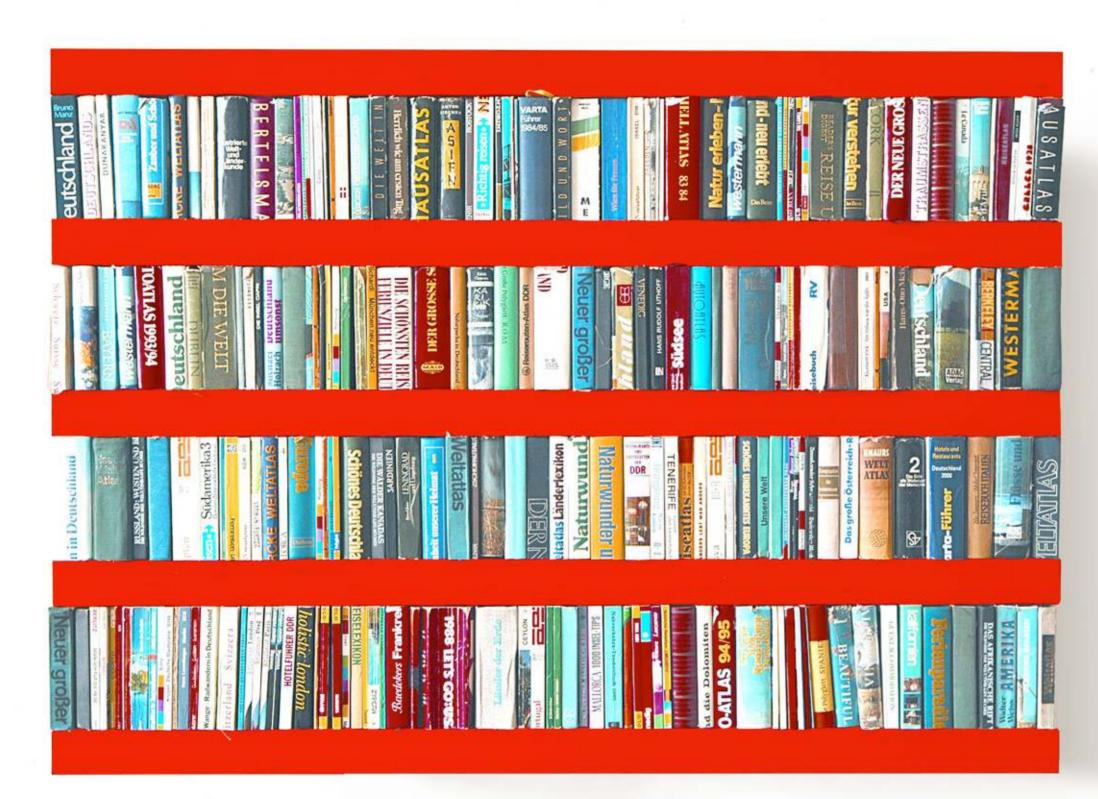
discarded furniture and household objects

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro



Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

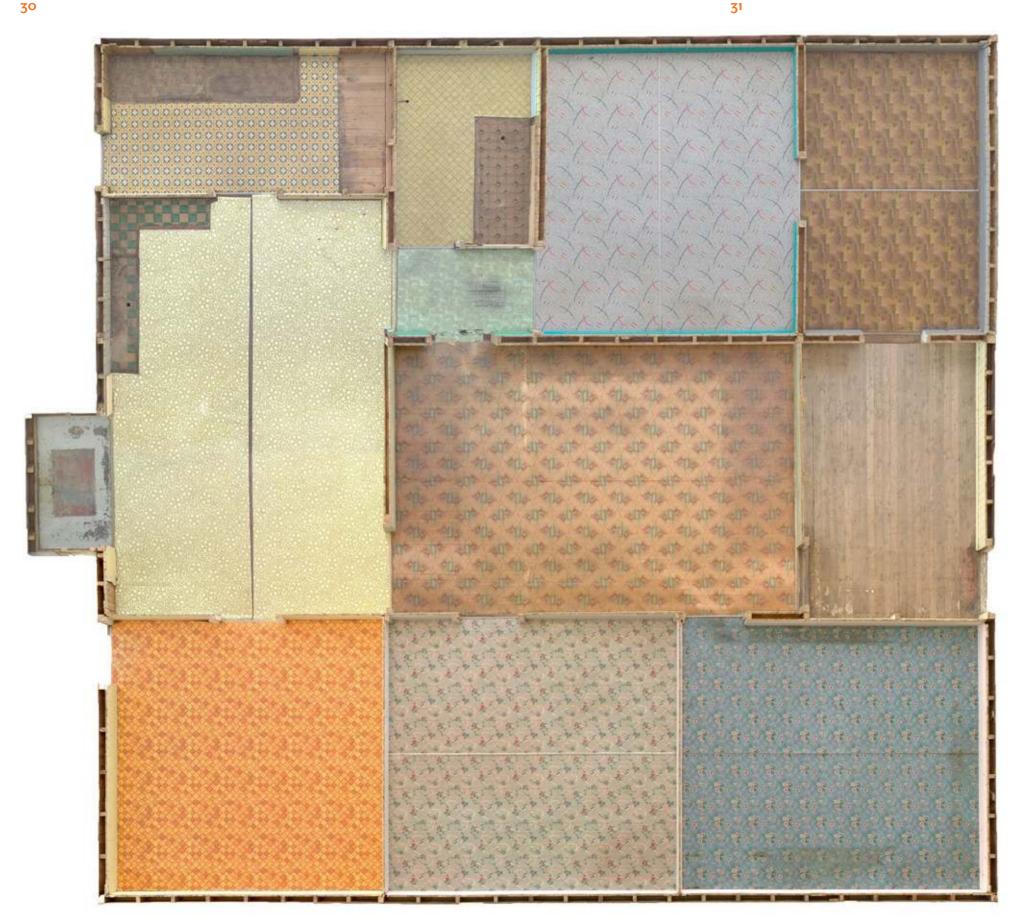
Works 29



World LACK 2006

customised atlases, IKEA LACK shelving

Private collection Sydner



Not Under My Roof 2009

type C photograph

Private collection, Sydney

Photograph: Natasha Harth, Queensland Art Gallery Works 33



Not Under My Roof (production images) 2009

Photograph of the farm house before demolition

Photograph: Queensland Art Gallery

Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro





Sameday Service or Sooner 2008

Takadanobaba 2006

Lambda print







Deceased Estate 2004

Lambda print

Collection of Newcastle Art Gallery

Photograph: Christian Schnur

Works 40



Wohnwagon 2006-07

caravan, Euro pallets

Private collection, Hobart

Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro













Wohnwagon 2006-07

type C photographs, 6

Private collection, Hobart

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro













Cordial Home Project 2003

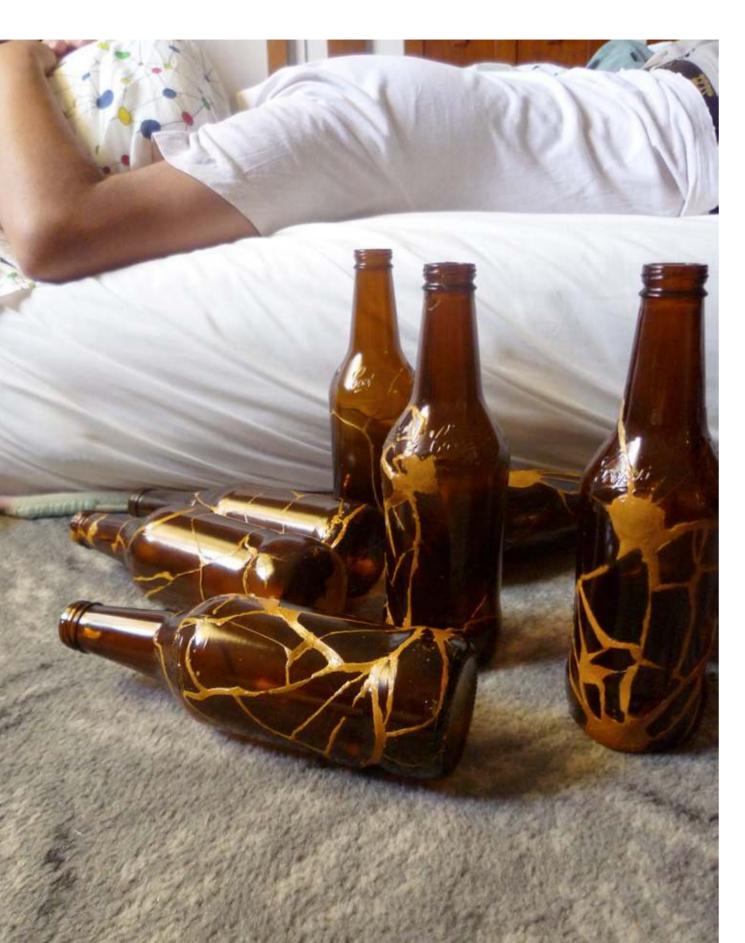
type C LED prints, 6

Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds provided by the Coe and Mordant families, 2006

Photograph: Liz Ham

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Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro



Drunken Clarity (production image) 2011

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro



Photograph: Jenni Carter

Works



Dust to Dust 2008

pulverised IKEA LACK tables, wooden vitrines

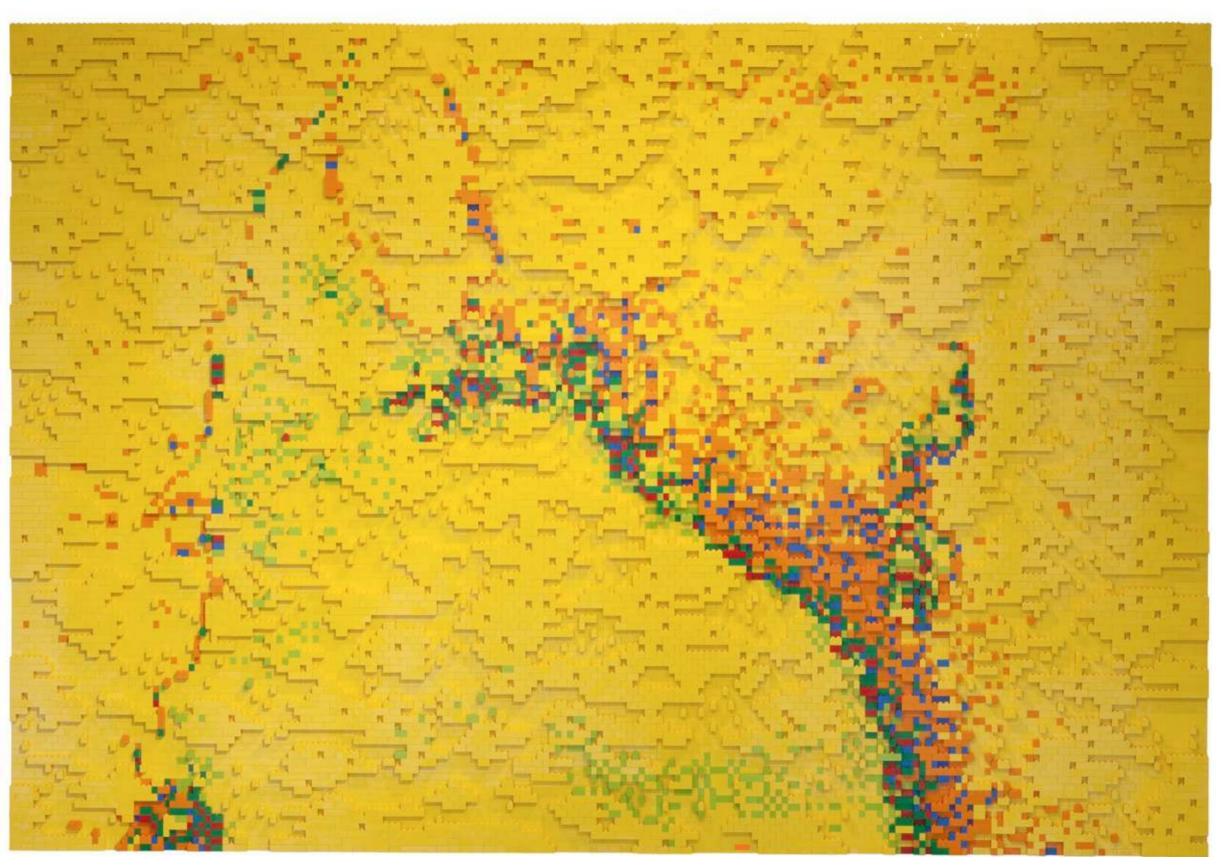
Courtesy the artists and Gitte Weise Gallery, Berlin and Nature Morte, Berlin

Photograph: Uwe Walter



Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

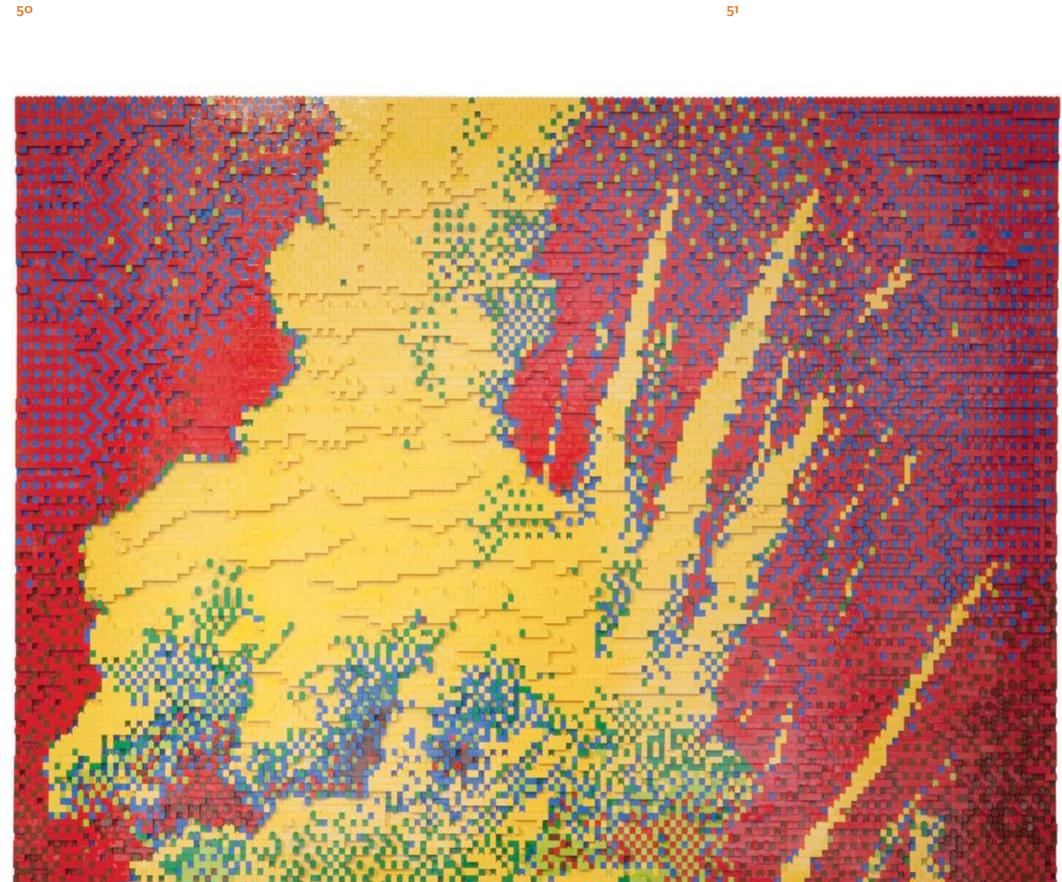
Works



T + 64_yellow 2010

LEGO

Private collection, Sydney



T+78_red&yellow 2010

LEG0

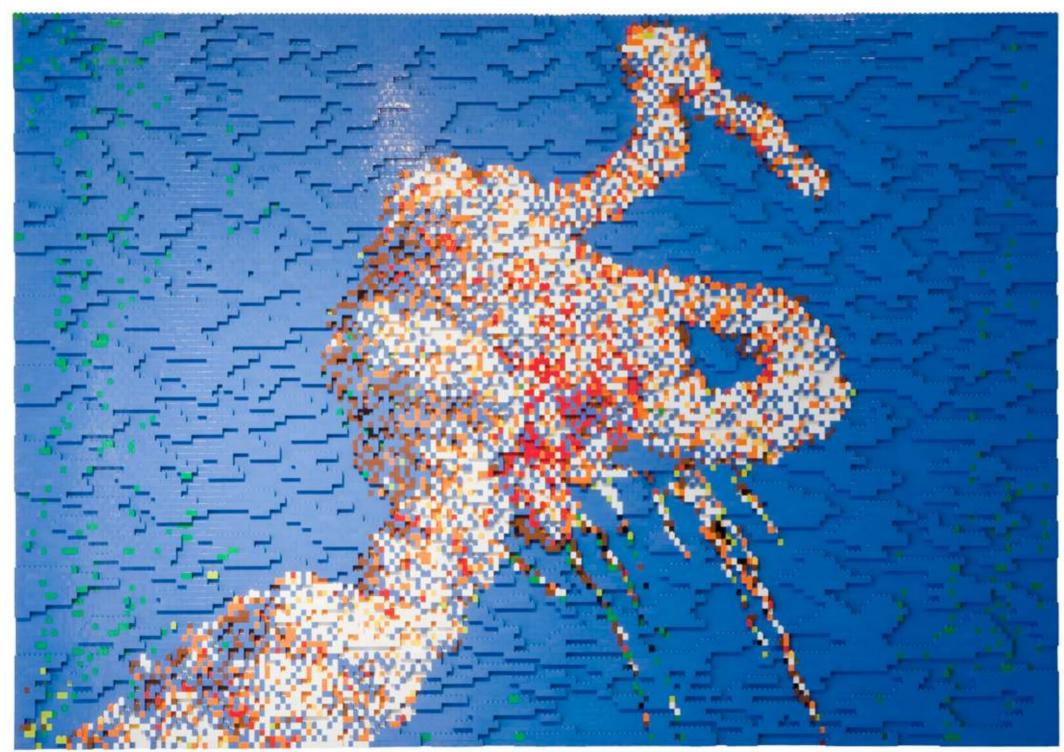
Works

Private collection, Sydney

T +79_ black 2010

LEGO

Private collection, Sydney



T + 85_blue 2010

LEGO

Private collection, Sydney

Works 57

Hamper

(9 months and an hangover) 2006

9 months of printed matter waste, picnic table, beer bottles

Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds provided by the Coe and Mordant families, 2006





Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

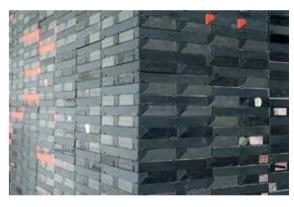
Life Span 2009

digital print

Private collection, Sydney

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro





Life Span (detail) 2009

Works

175,774 VHS video cassettes, silicone

Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds donated by Andrew and Cathy Cameron, 2011

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro

List of works and biography

List of works

Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

Deceased Estate 2004

Lambda print 110 x 141 cm

Collection of Newcastle Art Gallery

Life Span 2009

digital print 36 x 45 cm Private collection, Sydney

Hamper (9 months and an hangover) 2006

9 months of printed matter waste, picnic table, beer bottles 65 x 88 x 140 cm Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds provided by the Coe and Mordant families, 2006

Cordial Home Project 2003

type C LED prints, 6 50.8 x 76.2 cm Museum of Contemporary Art, purchased with funds provided by the Coe and Mordant families, 2006

Par Avion 2011–12

70 cut metal pieces from Cessna 172 aeroplane, gaffa tape, postage paraphernalia dimensions variable Courtesy the artists and Gallery Wendi Norris, San Francisco

Future Remnant 2011

dinosaur fossil replica, IKEA furnishings, cable binding 285 x 180 x 485 cm irreg Courtesy the artists and Nature Morte, Berlin

T+78_red&yellow 2010

LEGO 112 x 143 cm

Private collection, Sydney

T +79_ black 2010

LEGO 96 x 144 cm

Private collection, Sydney

T + 85_blue 2010

LEGO 113 x 160.5 cm

Private collection, Sydney

T + 64_yellow 2010

LEGO 111 x 143 cm Private collection, Sydney

Not Under My Roof 2009

type C photograph 88.2 x 82.5 cm Private collection, Sydney

Sameday Service or Sooner 2008

MDF, cardboard, acrylic, tie-down ratchets 220 x 138 x 130 cm irreg

Dust to Dust 2008

pulverised IKEA LACK tables, wooden vitrines 50 x 50 x 120 cm

I Hope Tomorrow is Just Like Today 2008

routed IKEA furniture 230 x 320 x 15 cm Belgiorno-Nettis Foundation Collection

Wohnwagon 2006-07

caravan, Euro pallets

dimensions variable Private collection, Hobart

World LACK 2006

customised atlases, IKEA LACK shelving 79 x 110 x 27 cm Private collection, Sydney

Stasis 2012

aeroplane, scaffolding 10m³

This project was commissioned by the MCA and has been realised thanks to the support of the Keir Foundation and the Australia Council for the Arts

Drunken Clarity 2011

broken beer bottles, putty, 24 carat gold, gum arabic dimensions variable

Takadanobaba 2005

Lambda print 120 x 148 cm

Unless otherwise noted all works are courtesy the artists and Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney

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CLAIRE HEALY

Born 1971 Melbourne. Lives and works Sydney and Berlin

SEAN CORDEIRO

Born 1974 Sydney. Lives and works Sydney and Berlin.

Selected solo exhibitions (as a collaboration)

- 2011 Are We there Yet?, Corcoran Gallery of Art, Washington DC Par Avion, Frey Norris Gallery, San Francisco, USA Future Furnishing, Nature Morte, Berlin Un-Built Environs, Gallery Reis, Singapore Drunken Clarity, Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney
- 2010 Where We've Been, Where We're Going, Why, Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney
- 2009 Prems, La BF15, Lyon, France
- 2008 Manual, Gitte Wiese Gallery, Berlin

 The Flats, Bicentennial Park, Homebush Bay, Sydney

 Disruptive Colouration, Gallery

 Barry Keldoulis, Sydney
- 2007 The Paper Trail, Art Gallery of New South Wales, Sydney Primary Producers, Performance Space at Carriageworks, Sydney
- 2006 Custom Living, Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney Flat Pack, Künstlerhaus Bethanien, Berlin
- 2005 Home Invasion, Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney When the Bulls Fight, the Calves get Crushed, Siddhartha Art Gallery, Kathmandu
- 2004 Deceased Estate, Glashaus, Weil am Rhein, Germany Tollgate, Kleinhüngingen Kunst Kiosk, Basel, Switzerland
- 2003 The Cordial Home Project, Artspace, Sydney
- 2001 Location to Die For, Kudos Gallery, Sydney

Selected group exhibitions (as a collaboration)

- 2011 Right to the City, Tin Sheds Gallery, Sydney
- 2010 The Ultimate Field Trip, Akiyoshidai International Art Village, Yamaguchi, Japan Once Removed, Campbelltown Arts Centre, Sydney Setouchi International Art Festival, Setouchi, Japan Photography Group Show, Galerie van der Mieden Antwerp, Belgium
- 2009 Once Removed, 53rd La Biennale di Venezia, Venice, Italy

<< // >>, RDF Gallery, Nice, France

Zeigen, Temporäre Kunsthalle, Berlin Australian Art for Berlin, Gitte Wiese Gallery, Berlin There Goes the Neighbourhood, Performance Space, Sydney Terra Nullius, ACC Galerie Weimar and Halle 14 Leipzig, Germany Claire Healy & Sean Cordeiro

2008 Contemporary Australia: Optimism, Gallery of Modern Art, Queensland Art Gallery, Brisbane Leading Lights, Ivan Dougherty Gallery, Sydney In the Space of Elsewhere, Stanley Picker Gallery, Kingston University, London Best of Discovery, SH Contemporary, Shanghai Nothing of North Unknown, Galerie Alexandra Saheb, Berlin Urban Jealousy, Tehran Biennial, Tehran Hijacked, Neunplus, Berlin Contemporary Photography from Australia, Vytautas Magnus University, Kaunas, Lithuania Australian, Casula Powerhouse, Sydney

- 2007 ABN AMRO Emerging Artist Award, Sydney
 Air de Berlin, Gallery AVU, Prague
 eg., Plimsoll Gallery, Hobart
 Slowing Down, Glen Eira City
 Council Gallery, Melbourne
 NEW07, Australian Centre for
 Contemporary Art, Melbourne
 Sink, Universität der Künste, Berlin
- 2006 Strange Cargo, Newcastle Art Gallery,
 Newcastle, New South Wales
 Adventures with Form in Space, Art
 Gallery of New South Wales, Sydney
 MCA Collection: New Acquisitions 2006,
 Museum of Contemporary Art, Sydney
 Ten[d]ancy, Elizabeth Bay House, Sydney
 Von Angels zu Riots, NewYorkRioTokyo, Berlin
 Flaming Youth, Orange Regional
 Gallery, Orange, New South Wales
 Freedman Foundation Awards Exhibition,
 The Depot Gallery, Sydney
 The Year in Art, S.H. Ervin Gallery, Sydney
- 2005 Home Invasion, Gallery Barry Keldoulis, Sydney Redneck Dreaming, The Lake Project, (TAV) Gallery, Taipei From Space to Place, Perth Institute of Contemporary Art, Perth
- 2004 Maintenance, From Space to Place,
 IASKA, Kellerberrin, Australia
 Wasted Consumer Ritual, Cult Classic,
 Gertrude Contemporary, Melbourne
 Work, Rest, Play(escape); Imperial Slacks
 Collective, Artspace, Sydney
- 2003 Package Tour, Sculpture by the Sea, Bondi, Sydney Raiders of the Lost Ark, Master Major and (e)merging, Martin Place, Sydney

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- 2009 Crosby, Alexandra, 'Venice Biennale: the future now, minus nations', RealTime Magazine, issue 92, Aug.—Sept. 2009, p. 14. Bond, Tony, Gapps, Stephen, Burrows, David, Dark Matter: works by Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro, 2009. Millner, Jacqueline, 'Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro: stack and ruin', Broadsheet, vol. 38.2, June—Aug. 2009.

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Australia: Optimism (exhibition catalogue),
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Interview

Sean Cordeiro

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The vehicle is the destination!

This interview between Claire Healy, Sean Cordeiro and Hou Hanru took place by email across the oceans, from San Francisco to Sydney via Beijing and Paris after an initial meeting in Sydney earlier in 2012. This process reflects coherently the nature of Healy and Cordeiro's work as well as how art in general unfolds in our time...



Hou Hanru: You have both worked as individual artists. When did you start working together? What's the motivation to decide to work together? What does collaboration mean to you?

Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro: Yes, we each had solo careers for approximately a decade, and it was not until we had a show together in Kudos Gallery in 2001, that we decided to do an installation together. The space was large, and we both intended to show a collection of individual works but actually thought it would be more fun to create something that responded to the space. So we staged a mock

sale of the property. We placed a huge real estate advertisement using real estate jargon out the front of the gallery. We also had a contact phone number one could call if they were interested. Upon calling the phone number one was confronted with war sounds and an estate agent never making it to the phone amongst every sound of a war zone we could collect. The project was called Location to Die For, the space was mapped out as if a floor plan for a house, using sand bags to demarcate each room. On the opening night there was a military drill, (at the time we were both living in pre-Olympic Sydney, in spaces that were being renovated, which we thought was akin to living in a war zone).

We didn't seriously think that we would begin collaborating from that point on, as we each had our 69

The vehicle is the destination!

solo practices. We had discussed our idea for the Cordial Home Project, but realised it would need major funding, and so applied for our first grant together. We were both doing our graduate studies at the time with very large-scale works and we were forever helping each other out, either with logistics, or technical support and even financial support.

We were very lucky and our grant application for the Cordial Home Project was successful, so we embarked on this, which took more than a year to produce and meanwhile our solo practices were merging in a sense too. Conceptual ideas were coming up in each other's work, and the physical help continued. We reached a point when we realised we were already collaborating in a sense.

Collaboration means we are never lonely; a lot of our artist friends, particularly painters, express that they feel so isolated in the studio. You can often get bogged down with an idea or have no idea and start feeling insecure about it all, and if another is around the dialogue can often pull you out of that frame of mind and get things moving! Collaboration means you can chat about work over breakfast or in the car.

There are also many facets to being an artist, so it seems easier to carry out certain tasks, and to see it through to the very end. So often works can get dropped, but when you collaborate, it seems important to carry out a specific task in order for another part of the project to be realised, which may be getting done at the same time. It keeps up momentum. It feels more efficient: different skills

digital prin

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro



can be brought together to make a stronger unit. On another note, working as a collaboration can be a little more honest; how many solo artists out there are actually employing nameless others to create their work at every level of the creative process?

So collaboration leads to embracing the other...

Embracing the other... Well, as for the way we work, there needs to be a period of time to pass and distill the initial concept or idea that the other person proposes. We often dislike each other's initial concepts, and end up having to write them down and shelve them until the right moment comes along. Sometimes it's like the movie 'Inception': one person talks about an idea and then that

idea grows in the other person's head and then suddenly they feel it's their idea! We have very different ideas about everything but somehow we have a very similar understanding when it comes to spatial formalities and aesthetic decisions.

The notion of inhabiting is somehow another key element in your thoughts and work when your life has become more nomadic. You were living in Berlin before returning to Australia. How has this tension influenced your new thoughts and work?

Deceased Estate
(production image) 2004

Photograph of found detritus from artist: varehouse in Weil am Rhein, Germany

otograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro



Our artwork and lifestyle really inform each other.

Throughout our artistic collaboration we have investigated various modes of living and working and this feeds into our creative output. It's a funny thing but in many ways it is easier to be an Australian artist living overseas, than to be an artist at home in Australia. But that's another story.

Because we are sculptors, our attention naturally gravitates towards mass, form and space – when you combine these elements with movement – ideas that are sculptural mutate into ideas that are more often considered in terms of international shipping and global marketing. But these are the themes that drive our work. Living in Europe gave us the opportunity to watch the way things move and flow across the continent. At one time we were squatting

in a warehouse behind a giant supermarket on the border of Germany and Switzerland. Chestnuts were sold from China, pineapples from Cuba, tomatoes from Israel; the networking it involved boggled our minds. But in the end all it meant to us was that we didn't have to pay for any fresh produce. We just ate the stuff that they threw out to make more room for the next shipment from a corner of the globe.

Now, being back in Australia... some people talk about Los Angeles in terms of it being built to the scale of a car rather than human scale. Maybe Australia has been built to the scale of the airplane. Australia is a huge country but there is very little dialectic difference in language from one edge to the other. If someone were to drug you and fly from Sydney to Perth (a four hour trip), on waking from



(production image) 2011

Photograph of the aeroplane being cut

Courtesy the artists and Gallery Wendi Norri

Photograph: Claire Healy and Sean Cordeiro

your induced sleep, you might think that you had been dropped off in Parramatta (a thirty minute car ride); the language and architecture are so similar. Our interest in movement is piqued by the systems that operate in Australia to create this kind of homogeny and our new work explores this.

This leads to my next question: nomadism seems to be at the heart of your way of living, thoughts and practice. With a recent work involving a dismantled plane mailed in pieces to a gallery in San Francisco, and your latest

project installing a whole plane in front of the MCA for your solo exhibition, this reaches a pinnacle!

Traditional nomads move around to seek different food sources and also to inhabit spaces that offer the best environment according to the particular season. International artists and curators do the same thing: they follow the exhibitions and the residencies, which basically boils down to the search for optimum food and shelter!

We are interested in nomadism but we are not interested in utopian ideas of freedom commonly associated with nomadism; we are more interested in the parameters that modern nomadism operates within. For instance our work *Par Avion* is informed by our previous work *Wohnwagon*. For *Wohnwagon* we shipped an old caravan from Germany to Australia. The caravan was irrevocably altered by this shift after it was cut into sections that were able to fit on Euro pallets. In *Par Avion* the international airmail system was used to transport a Cessna 172 from Roma Queensland, to San Francisco and then to Sydney for the MCA exhibition. The plane was cut into pieces that fit within the standards dictated by the postal service. These pieces were then treated as giant postcards: addresses and stamps were directly fixed to the parts and these parts duly airmailed to their destination.

These works are made to highlight the tension between the individual will to move and the systematic constrictions that are at work within these structures.

I'm also interested in, once again, the tension between travelling and dwelling. Over recent years, you have developed projects that involved existing furniture, housewares, and personal effects of the inhabitants of given sites in various parts of the world. I have seen this part of the work generate a very interesting social dimension.



Can you elaborate more on this?

Aside from the systematic parameters that make international travel possible there are also the internal, psychological buffers that make travel possible. Not every traveler has the *savoir-faire* of Sir Richard Burton. Nomadism not only offers an expanded vision of the world, it also involves culture shock, alienation and loneliness. The story of the modern nomad is the quest for novelty versus the need for comfort and familiarity. In this sense, the ghost of Howard Hughes haunts our practice. Howard Hughes had the monetary means to be anywhere in the world, anytime he wished. But he had to try

creating buffers to deal with this omnipresence. Like Phileas Fogg he kept to a single time wherever he was in the world. He blocked out windows, replicated his living spaces with the same furnishings, ate the same meals and drove the same model car in an attempt to help his mind cope with the change. People who work in the diplomatic corps or travel a lot for business or culture do similar things, such as buying the same IKEA furniture for each continent they live on, eating at Paul's patisserie and shopping at Carrefour. Our works I Hope Tomorrow is Just Like Today and Takadanobaba address how consumption is used to create these generic comfort zones.



Conrad sums it up well in his description of seamen in *Heart of Darkness*:

Their minds are of the stay-at-home order, and their home is always with them—the ship; and so is their country—the sea. One ship is very much like another, and the sea is always the same. In the immutability of their surroundings the foreign shores, the foreign faces, the changing immensity of life, glide past, veiled not by a sense of mystery but by a slightly disdainful ignorance.¹

Which brings us back to your mention of *Stasis*, our aeroplane suspended in scaffolding in front of the Museum of Contemporary Art. The vehicle is the destination! And when the vehicle is the destination.

why not just fly straight into a building rather than hassling around with customs at the airport?

With a certain sense of humour, and even irony, you are proposing to see the vehicle as the destination. This reminds me of English architect Cedric Price's proposal to build an airport that flies with the plane, or a bird cage that flies with the bird. Your project is located at the Museum of Contemporary Art. But it intends to go beyond the spatial constraints of the institution.

Healy & Sean Cordei



Furthermore, it invites us to skip the bureaucratic constraints of border control, customs and the airport – one of the most evident and overwhelmingly impressive symbols of the power of the State institution. Doesn't this manifest a strong will to challenge the established order defined by the ideology of stability and control of institutional powers in general? Then, the nice-looking but slightly misplaced plane, somehow highlighting your artistic and even

political intentions, seems to become a conveyor of social and political critique. Do you agree, in the end, despite your refusal of utopianism, that one should understand your work, as well as your lifestyle, as an attempt to resist being institutionalised? Perhaps, this is exactly what inhabiting really means in our time: inevitably oscillating between settling and nomadism.

We only refuse utopianism in the same way a jilted partner refuses love: we have been let down by something we want to believe in, boo hoo to us!



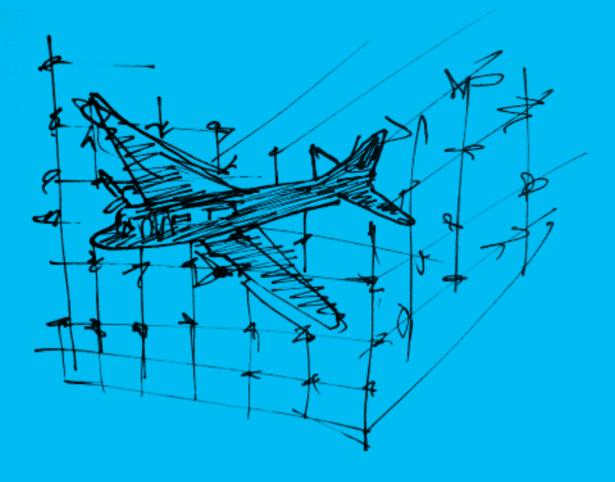
Our relationship to the institution is much like any individual's relationship to larger society. There is the illusion of personal free will and personal vision but in the end, every action we undertake is all part of a complex web of human networks.

We believe the artist must challenge the established order, but in what way? The super-rich challenge the order of the State by simply not paying taxes; it is estimated that there is currently \$US21 trillion stashed away in tax havens such as Switzerland and the Cayman Islands. It is crucial for the artist to operate in the slipstream. But is this the model that we ought to aspire to? Albert Einstein covers the issue in 'Why Socialism?'

Man is, at one and the same time, a solitary being and a social being ... and their specific combination determines the extent to which an individual can achieve an inner equilibrium and can contribute to the well-being of society.²

As artists we employ a combination of nomadism and permanence to achieve the best situation to create work and live, or as you describe it – 'inhabiting'.

As artists we exploit the freedom of travel to produce the headspace and conditions necessary to create work but we also rely upon the support of our native society. The trick is how to gain the support of the society we live within while still maintaining a critical stance towards the institution.



Stasis illustrates this point. A plane flying towards a building represents the will of an individual to take a stand against an institution. Although this is a lone gesture, it can never really be free from the society that it seeks to fight against - hence the supporting scaffolding around the plane. A parallel idea could be the image of a man buying petrol to throw a Molotov cocktail at a gas company.

Then again, a plane flying into a building may be the opposite of an act of protest; it may represent an act of colonialism. Our conflation of vehicle and destination illustrates touristic colonialism: it is Starbucks in the Forbidden Palace; it is the flipside of nomadism. It is the philosophy of the Winnebago Warrior, where every place is the same because you have brought your house with you.

As artists, it is easy for us to claim to be nomadic. But what we offer or what we represent to the countries that we visit should also be questioned. It is a sad position to be in when you believe that you are a cultural critic but in reality you are the inheritor of Gauguin's syphilitic wanderings.

But that is a depressing way to finish. Maybe the greatest gift that travel or nomadism can offer is humility, in the words of that great traveller Henry Miller:

Over there you think of nothing but becoming President of the United States some day. Potentially every man is Presidential timber. Here it's different. Here every man is potentially a zero.3

The vehicle is the destination! 79

(production image) 2012

Hou Hanru

Chinese born writer and curator Hou Hanru is currently Director of Exhibitions and Public Programs and the Chair of the Exhibitions and Museum Studies program at the San Francisco Art Institute.

Hou is the curator of the 2013 Auckland Triennial and has previously curated the Shanghai Biennale (2000), the Gwangju Biennale (2002), 2nd Guangzhou Triennial (2005), the 10th Istanbul Biennial (2007), The 10th Lyon Biennale" (Lyon, 2009) and the French Pavilion (1999), Z.O.U. – Zone of Urgency and the Chinese Pavilion (2007) at the Venice Biennale.

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